

BULL MOOSE

(Continued from Page One.)

the national Progressive platform. This nation should deal with both by continuing executive action through administrative commandments of ample power. One concession should suffice our tariff policies to be with thorough knowledge distinctly fully acquired to give proper encouragement to our own hands while also giving proper protection to our wage workers, our farmers and our business men. The other commission should exercise strict supervision and control over big business. We should control it with strict parties, drawing the line not only on monopolies. We should endeavor to find the business man who does not and is regards his great adoption of a trust to be exercised as much as the interest of the public as in his own interests. But we should check and punish him effectively and promptly when he exercises these abilities to the detriment either of the smaller business man with whom he connects or the wage workers who should share with him the benefits of his and their common efforts or of the general public whom he serves.

"As regards the tariff, I wish especially to call your attention to the promises made by President Wilson and his supporters two years ago. They asserted that their method of tariff reduction would reduce the cost of living, and would thus solve the trust question because, as they said, trusts were the creatures of the tariff. We then answered that their promises were empty words, that no such results as they stated could or would follow from the course they advocated, and that only by the method we proposed could either the trust or the tariff question be dealt with so as to abate the existing evils and at the same time increase the general well being. Two short years have proved us to be right. Their promises have not been kept. Their performance has brought distress upon the nation. The cost of living has not been reduced, but the ability of the average man to earn a living has been greatly reduced. Not the slightest progress has been made toward solving the trust question. But the business community has been harassed and hampered to no purpose and the prosperity of the business man has been checked, exactly as the prosperity of the farmer and the wage worker has been checked. As for the farmer, the present tariff, the administration's tariff, was so framed as to result in the sacrifice of his interests. He had no spokesman, no friend in high quarter, and his welfare was contemptuously sacrificed. At every point where his interest was concerned, he was made to suffer. As for the wage worker, the result of the tariff was that he suffered even more than his employer, for he was thrown out of employment and lost the means to earning his livelihood.

"As for the employer, sometimes he has been able to struggle on with the loss of profits, sometimes he has had to close his shop. In business in which any of the big trusts were concerned, it was the small competitors of the trusts who were injured and in many cases ruined. Tariff reduction as put into practice by the present administration has chiefly benefited foreign rivals and competitors. It has done grave injury to the business community and the farming community, and has caused suffering to the wage workers and the whole policy of the administration has been one to cause our people to look toward the future with grave concern and apprehension."

"It is, of course, essential to rebuke those persons who by their action helped to put the present administration in power and, moreover, it is of still more consequence to the future well-being of all men—those political activities in state and nation alike have been such as those of Senator Penrose. This is not only a political, but a moral issue. I mention the name of Senator Penrose merely because he typifies a class. I am not concerned with him as an individual; I am concerned with him as a type. Mr. Penrose stands in Pennsylvania as Mr. Barnes stands in New York. When we fight these men and their activities, we are fighting the battle of all decent men and in particular we are fighting the battle of the honest Republican rank and file, whom those men have misrepresented and

selected.

"It is well to keep in mind that we now have Mr. Wilson's administration, that we now suffer from a wishful foreign policy and from home policies in national affairs which have seriously impaired the well-being of our people, primarily because of the action of Senator Penrose in associating with men of the same type like Mr. Barnes, Messrs. Penrose, Barnes and their associates at this go, taking advantage of the fact that national nominating conventions are not controlled by law. Indeed, a course of conduct morally casts who as bad as that which our election results in wrongdoings of humble rats being put in stripes. They stole from the ranks and file of the Republican party the right to govern themselves to nominate their own candidates and promulgate their own platform. They took this action with the deliberate purpose of electing a Democratic president, because they infinitely preferred the triumph of their nominal party to seeing the control of their own organization wrested from their hands by the rank and file of their own party. They are foes of decent citizenship. Their political lives depend upon their keeping politics in such condition that decent men cannot succeed them, and that the ordinary citizens cannot get control of their own government.

"Rather than see this control broken, Messrs. Penrose, Barnes and their associates deliberately put the Democratic organization and Mr. Wilson into power at Washington.

"Of course, our contest must always be primarily one for principle. It must always be a contest to enact into law and reduce to the domain of executive action those principles. But it is impossible to do this effectively until we drive from political leadership the bosses whose very existence in politics is the negation of those principles. There is no use in endeavoring to put into effect our platform for social and industrial justice if the legislative and executive officers of government are mere sub-officers of a boss, whether this boss be Mr. Penrose, Mr. Barnes or Mr. Murphy.

"Much of our effort is to secure laws protecting the labor of women and prohibiting the labor of children in mines and factories, providing for women's compensation and the like." This effort is bound to come to naught if it is actual working the forces of government administered by men whose whole theory of action is based on the alliance of crooked politics with crooked wealth.

"We cannot control our great national business without power—national power. But the Democrats dare not use power themselves, nor let anyone else have it. Their true program, as it stands today, is made futile by this rear. Their official administration bills propose a weak Federal trade commission with no power except to investigate and report.

"They have to give the government the strength to cope with corporate bosses. They fear to give the commission power to prevent unfair trade practices. Indeed, their measure would hardly give the commission power really to investigate, much less to destroy by proper administrative order monopolies based on the exclusive possession of a factor essential to production. To the powers of investigation and recommendation which the bill proposes to give to the commission, so far as they go, we have no objection. It is the inadequacy of the commission's power to destroy monopoly which we condemn. Progressive congressmen voted for the bill, not because it represents an adequate attempt to deal with a great problem but in the hope that a day will arrive when the so-called trade commission will be given sufficient power to make it a real trade commission, such as our national platform promises, and such as the bills we have introduced would provide.

"The house of representatives has also passed a bill supplemental to the Sherman anti-trust act. Many of the provisions of this bill deserve commendation especially those which prohibit certain forms of unfair trade competition which the courts have not as yet clearly condemned, but which upright business men everywhere recognize as wrong and tending to monopoly. Similar provisions will be found in the Progressive anti-trust bills.

"We Progressives advocate the immediate creation of a non-partisan commission," he said, "with power to propose revision of the tariff rates, schedule by schedule, treating each case on an intelligent consideration of its merit, divorced from favoritism and the roterating of special interests. The program would not be attended by the reckless haste, the improper influences, the sectional party politics which characterize our present methods of tariff legislation by general law, and remember that exactly the same methods were pursued in making the present tariff law, which it superseded. Our proposed methods would never disorganize business by a complete change in all the tariff schedules at one time. This is the Progressive tariff program.

"I ask all honest believers in protective tariff, and especially all working men, to consider the fact that this is the only program offering hope of permanent well-being. Whether the alternative program is one of violent oscillation between such tariffs as the Payne-Aldrich bill made by Senator Penrose and his associates and the present tariff bill made by President Wilson and his followers, such as the gentleman

in the most positive terms that his administration had been fully satisfied and that under no circumstances would he ever be a candidate again for the presidency. He assured many members of the United States senate and prominent Republicans from all over the country to the same effect. He had taken himself, as far as we were

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**CASHIER PULLED
OFF FAKE BANK
ROBBERY**

Oklahoma Man Surrenders;
Tells How He Bound and
Gagged Himself and Obtained
\$5,000.

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
Sayre, Okla., July 1.—How he staged a fake robbery six years ago and obtained \$5,000 from the First State bank at Texola, Okla., where he was cashier, was told to a justice of the peace here yesterday by P. W. Jones, in a voluntary confession, according to the justice. Jones was jailed on a charge of robbery after his surrender to the justice.

The cashier was found bound and gagged in the bank building on the morning of January 19, 1908. At the time he declared he had been forced by bandits to turn over the bank's money. The bank's affairs were liquidated after the robbery.

**NORMAL BUSINESS
CONDITIONS IN
NEW ORLEANS**

Quarantine Over Forty-Nine
Blocks of Town Lifted Upon
Instructions from Surgeon
General Blue

(By Leased Wire to Evening Herald.)
New Orleans, July 1.—Normal business conditions prevailed here today in the forty-nine blocks of the down-town district which had been under quarantine because it was feared bubonic plague might spread.

The quarantine was declared off last night after stringent measures had been taken for its enforcement. The lifting of the embargo was directly due to the telegraphic advice from Dr. Rupert Blue, surgeon general of the United States public health service, whose message said that steps of the character planned were not warranted at this time.

**15 BOYS, 17 GIRLS
BORN DURING JUNE**

Births reported to the board of health during the month of June, 1914, are as follows:

May 7, to Mr. and Mrs. John C. Prentiss, a girl.

May 15, to Mr. and Mrs. T. F. Summers, a boy.

May 21, to Mr. and Mrs. Manuel Castillo, a boy.

May 27, to Mr. and Mrs. Ben Gallegos, a girl.

May 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Otto Mann, a girl.

May 31, to Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Pearson, a boy.

June 1, to Mr. and Mrs. Raymond Ford, a boy.

June 1, to Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Mathis, a boy.

June 2, to Mr. and Mrs. Sidney U. Rosenwald, a girl.

June 2, to Mr. and Mrs. John Glaesner, a boy.

June 3, to Mr. and Mrs. Ramon Salazar, a boy.

June 4, to Mr. and Mrs. Goro Gumi, a girl.

June 5, to Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Barber, a boy.

June 6, to Mr. and Mrs. Lucian Gurule, a boy.

June 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Martin Gallegos, a boy.

June 8, to Mr. and Mrs. Frank Boulaire, a girl.

June 12, to Mr. and Mrs. Matia Vario, a girl.

June 12, to Mr. and Mrs. Clinton Bradner Jones, a boy.

June 14, to Mr. and Mrs. C. H. Hagen, a girl.

June 14, to Mr. and Mrs. Nikolai Hein, a girl.

June 14, to Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Wilkerson, a boy.

June 15, to Mr. and Mrs. Antonio Garcia, a girl.

June 15, to Mr. and Mrs. Joe Illinois, a boy.

June 17, to Mr. and Mrs. Juan Amil, a girl.

June 18, to Mr. and Mrs. Roy A. Stamm, a boy.

June 18, to Mr. and Mrs. T. W. Denning, a girl.

June 19, to Mr. and Mrs. Santiago Nuñez, a boy.

June 23, to Mr. and Mrs. William P. Walker, a girl.

June 24, to Mr. and Mrs. Jeronimo Abeyta, a girl.

June 25, to Mr. and Mrs. John W. Carter, a girl.

June 26, to Mr. and Mrs. R. D. Stevenson, a girl.

June 28, to Mr. and Mrs. Mariano Sanchez, a girl.

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